Attorney Docket No. 2000.0563/24061.332 Customer No. 42717

Amendments To The Claims

Please cancel Claims 31-33 without prejudice. The following list of the claims replaces all prior versions and lists of the claims in this application.

1. (Currently amended) A method to solve via poisoning for insulative porous low-k materials comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate having a first and a first and second insulative layers separated from each other by an intervening etch-stop layer formed therein said substrate, and having a passivation layer disposed on a side of said first insulative layer opposite from said etch-stop layer;

forming a hole opening in said first and second insulative layers, including said intervening etch-stop layer;

forming a low-k protection layer over said second insulating layer, including in said hole opening, wherein said low-k protection layer prevents outgassing from said first and second insulative layers;

forming a trench opening over said hole opening to form a dual damascene structure;

selectively removing part of said low-k protection layer so as to leave a portion thereof on vertical walls of said hole opening:

removing a portion of said passivation layer at an end of said hole opening remote from said second insulative layer;

forming a barrier layer on the vertical walls of said trench opening and on the portion of said low-k protection layer on the vertical walls of said hole opening;

forming a metal layer on said barrier layer in said dual damascene structure; and

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performing chemical mechanical polishing (CMP), to complete the forming of said dual damascene structure.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said first insulative layer is a low-k dielectric having a dielectric constant between about 2.0 to 3.0.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said first insulative layer has a thickness between about 2000 to 100000 Å.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said intervening etch-stop layer is silicon nitride.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said intervening etch-stop layer has a thickness between about 50 to 1000 Å.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said second insulative layer is a low-k dielectric having a dielectric constant between about 2.0 to 3.0.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said second insulative layer has a thickness between about 2000 to 100000 Å.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein, said low-k protection layer material is selected from the group comprising SiO₂, SiN, SiC or SiNC.

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- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said low-k protection layer has a thickness between about 20 to 1000 Å.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said barrier layer material is selected from the group comprising Ta, Ti, TaN, TiSiN, TaSiN, or WN.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said barrier layer has a thickness between about 30 to 500 Å.
 - 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said metal comprises copper.
- 13. (Previously presented) A method to solve via poisoning for insulative porous low-k materials in a dual damascene structure comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate having a passivation layer formed over a first metal layer formed on said substrate;

forming a first insulative layer over said substrate;

forming an etch-stop layer over said first insulative layer;

forming a second insulative layer over said etch-stop layer;

forming a first photoresist layer over said second insulative layer and patterning said photoresist to form a first photoresist mask having a hole pattern;

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etching said first and second insulative layers, including said etch-stop layer through said hole pattern to form a hole reaching said passivation layer;

removing said first photoresist mask from said second insulative layer;

forming a low-k protection layer over said substrate on said second insulative layer, including in said hole opening;

forming a second photoresist layer over said substrate, including said hole opening and patterning said second photoresist to form a second photoresist mask having a trench pattern;

etching said second insulative layer through said trench pattern in said second photoresist mask to form a trench in said second insulative layer, thus completing the forming of said dual damascene structure in said substrate;

removing said second photoresist mask;

removing said low-k protection layer from over said substrate and from the bottom of said hole opening and thereby exposing underlying said passivation layer while leaving said low-k protection layer on the vertical sides of said hole opening;

removing said passivation layer from said bottom of said hole opening, thereby exposing underlying said first metal layer;

forming a barrier layer over said substrate, including in said dual damascene structure, wherein said barrier layer conforms to said low-k protective layer in said hole opening and conforms to said trench in said second insulative layer;

depositing a second metal over said barrier layer in said dual damascene structure; and performing chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) to complete the forming of said dual damascene structure.

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- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said substrate is silicon.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said passivation layer comprises silicon nitride (SiN).
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said passivation layer has a thickness between about 30 to 1000 Å.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said first insulative layer is a low-k dielectric having a dielectric constant between about 2.0 to 3.0.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said first insulative layer has a thickness between about 2000 to 100000 Å.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said intervening etch-stop layer is silicon nitride.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said intervening etch-stop layer has a thickness between about 30 to 1000 Å.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said second insulative layer is a low-k dielectric having a dielectric constant between about 2.0 to 3.0.

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- 22. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said second insulative layer has a thickness between about 2000 to 100000 Å.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said etching said first and second insulative layers is accomplished with a recipe comprising C_2F_6 , C_4F_8 , Ar, N_2 and O_2 .
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said etching said etch-stop layer is accomplished with a recipe comprising C_2F_6 , C_4F_8 , Ar, N_2 and O_2 .
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein said low-k protection layer material is selected from the group comprising SiO₂, SiN, SiCN or SiC.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said low-k protection layer has a thickness between about 30 to 1000 Å.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said removing said low-k protection layer is accomplished with a recipe comprising C_2F_6 , C_4F_8 , Ar, N_2 and O_2 .
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein said barrier layer material is selected from the group comprising Ta, Ti, TaN, TiSiN, TaSiN, or WN.

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- 29. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said barrier layer has a thickness between about 30 to 500 Å.
 - 30. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said second metal comprises copper.
 - 31. (Canceled).
 - 32. (Canceled).
 - 33. (Canceled).